



Curriculum Vitae

Reza Khadivi

Personal information:

Birth Date: 3-21-1965

Tel: +983137928120

Tel fax: +983137928110

Mobile Phone: +989133844196

Email: khadivi@med.mui.ac.ir, khadive@gmail.com.

Current Academic position: Associate Professor, Community Medicine Department, Medical school. Isfahan University of Medical Science, Hezarjarib Blvd – Isfahan- Iran.

Professional Interests:

-Health Sector Reform

- Universal Health Coverage

Qualifications and Education:

Flagship courses on health sector reform and sustainable financing. 2003. Teheran- Teaching by AUB University of Lebanon.

Community medicine specialist. Isfahan University of Medical Sciences. 1999

MPH. Teheran University of Medical Sciences. 1997

General Physician- Isfahan University of Medical Sciences.1992

Experiences:

1. The head of provincial health center in chaharmahal & Bakhtyari province (2003-2005) and (2007-2009), and in Isfahan province (2016- 2017).
2. The head of medical school in Shahrekord University of medical Sciences (2006-2007).
3. The head of Community Medicine Department in Shahrekord University of medical Sciences (2006 -2009) and in Isfahan University of Medical Sciences (2011-2012).
4. The provincial focal point in projects:
 - Basic Development Needs (The national pilot project in cooperation with Middle East World Health Organization's Office)
 - Healthy City
in Chaharmahal & Bakhtyari province.

Current Research

1. The Middle-aged Health Checks Program Outputs In Non-communicable Screening in Iran
2. Assessing the health care utilization in HIV/AIDS patients in Isfahan province in 2018
3. The assessment of the health costs that expensed by public health insurance companies for Isfahan province's inhabitants before and after the health sector reform project in 2013 and 2015
4. Assessment of the prevalence of Failure to Thrive in children less than 5 years old in rural areas and small cities in Isfahan province in 2017(13 years after Universal Health Coverage).

Recent Publications:

1. Amini, M., R. Khadivi, Direct costs of nephropathy due to type 2 Diabetes in Isfahan Iran in 1998. *Iranian Journal of Endocrinology and Metabolism*, 1999. 1(3). 215 – 223.
2. Amini, M., R. Khadivi, and S. Haghighi, Costs of type 2 Diabetes in Isfahan Iran in 1998. *Iranian Journal of Endocrinology and Metabolism*, 2002. 4(2): p. 97-104.
3. Akhlaghi, M. and R. Khadivi, The effect of Halothane on liver enzymes of operation room staff, Shahrekord, 2001. *Journal of Shahrekord University of Medical Sciences*, 2003. 4(4): p. 53-60.
4. Khadivi, R., M. Akhlaghi, and M. Naseri. The participants' viewpoint of continuing medical education courses. *Journal of Medical Education*, 2003. 3(1): p. 17-23.
5. Khadivi R., et al. The effectiveness of training life – skills on promoting knowledge of women to prevent suicidal attempts in Ardal town in 2004. *Journal of Ilam university of medical sciences*. 2005:13(1).13-20.
6. Afshari, F., R. Khadivi, H. Shirzad. Risk factors of atopic dermatitis in Shahrekord school children. *J Shahrekord Univ Med Sci*. 2006; 8 (3):71-75.
7. Khadivi, R., et al., The incidence rate of chronic brucellosis following one-year antibiotic therapy in Koohrang district of Chaharmahal & Bakhtyari province. *J Shahrekord Univ Med*. 2006:8(3).54-61.
8. Khadivi, R., et al., Capacity building for priority setting in Farrokhsahr population. *J Shahrekord Univ Med*. 2006:8(1).27-45.
9. Moghadasi J, R. Khadivi, et al. Capacity building of Farokhsahr city for recognition and elimination of society problem by mobilization of people in Farrokhsahr development team. *J Shahrekord Univ Med*. 2006:8(1).1-6.
10. Mehran, L.R. Khadivi, et al., The prevalence of goiter and urinary iodine excretion in school-aged children of Chaharmahal & Bakhtyari. *Iranian Journal of Endocrinology and Metabolism (IJEM)*, 2006:8(1).9-15.
11. Raeisi R, R. Khadivi, et al. Need assessment in research development and health promotion center of Farrokhsahr in 2004. *J Shahrekord Univ Med Sci*. 2006:8(1).1-6.
12. Shahrani, M, R. Khadivi, et al. Effect of garlic extract on gastric acid and pepsin secretion in rat. *Feyz Journals of Kashan University of Medical Sciences*, 2007. 10(4).
13. Shahrani M, R. Khadivi, et al. Effect of allium sativum L. extract on acid and pepsin secretion in basal condition and stimulated with vag stimulate in rat. *Journal of Medicinal Plants*. 2007. 6(24): p. 28-37.
14. Shamsipoor, E., R. Imani, and R. Khadivi, Congenital brucellosis in an infant. *Iranian Journal of Clinical Infectious Diseases*, 2007. 2: p. 1-2.
15. Ganji, F.R. Khadivi, et al, The evaluation of papanicolaou (PAP) smear processing in Shahrekord health centers. *J Shahrekord Univ Med Sci*. 2007:9(1).16-22.

16. Imani, R., E. Shamsipoor, and R. Khadivi, Congenital brucellosis in an infant. *Iranian Journal of Clinical Infectious Diseases*, 2007. 2(1).
17. Moezi M, R. Khadivi, et al., Frequency and severity of post- traumatic stress disorder and efficacy of mental health intervention in children and young adults from a rural region in Chaharmahal and Bakhtyari province, Safilan. *J Shahrekord Univ Med*. 2007;9(1).63-69.
18. Khadivi Reza, Harirchi I, Khosravi Z, Akbari ME. Ten year breast cancer screening and follow up in 52200 women in Shahre-Kord, Iran (1997-2006). *Iranian journal of cancer prevention* ,April 2008: Vol(1).No(2).73-77.
19. Jafari. A.G, R. Khadivi, et al. Effective strategies for empowerment of experts' staff in health deputy of Shahrekord university of medical sciences. *J Shahrekord Univ Med*. 2008;10(2).72-80.
20. Ahmadi, A. R. Khadivi, An epidemiological survey on clustering appendicitis in Chaharmahal and Bakhtyari Province. *HBI Journals-ISMJ*, 2008. 11(1): p. 40-46.
21. Akhlaghi M., Z. Arbabi, R. Khadivi, Pattern of acute poisoning in Shahrekord (Western Iran). *Asian Journal of Epidemiology*, 2009. 2(1): p. 9-12.
22. Hamidi, M.R. Khadivi, et al. The causes of formula milk consumption in the infants under 1-year-old in Chaharmahal & Bakhtyari province. *J Shahrekord Univ Med* .2011;13(3).77-83.
23. Parmar, Z, R. Khadivi, et al. Immunization following hepatitis B mass vaccination in 18 years old students in Chaharmahal & Bakhtyari province. *J Shahrekord Univ Med Sci*.2011;13(4).35-41.
24. Shirzad, H, R. Khadivi, et al. The evaluation of anti – rabies antibody titer in vaccinated individual in Shahrekord district. *J Shahrekord Univ Med Sci*.2011;13(3).84-86.
25. Shirzad, H.,R. Khadivi, et al., Effect of early clinical exposure on attitude and performance of first year medical students. *Journal of Shahrekord University of Medical Sciences*. *J Shahrekord Univ Med Sci*.2011.13(1). 69-78.
26. Alidosti, M., Tavasoli, E.R. Khadivi, et al. A survey on Knowledge and attitudes of Rural Population towards the Family Physician Program in Shahrekord district. *Health Information Management*.2011;7(Special Issue 4):629- 636.
27. Tavasoli, E., Alidosti, M., R. Khadivi, et al. Relationship between knowledge and attitude of rural people with information resources about family physician program in Shahrekord district. *Health system research journal*.2010;6(3).498-505.
28. Khadivi, R , M. Shakeri, and S. Ghobadi, The Efficiency of Mental Health Integration in Primary Health Care: A Ten-year Study. *International Journal of Preventive Medicine*.2012: 3(Suppl1).139-145.

29. Khoshdel, A., R. Khadivi, et al., Incidence and Bacteriological Profile of Neonatal Conjunctivitis in Hajar Hospital, Shahrekord, Iran. *Iranian Journal of Pathology*. 2012; 7(2). 86-91.
30. Hashemi, E. Farrokh Seir, Reza Khadivi. The assessment of family Physicians' performance in screening of Hypertension and Diabetes mellitus. *Journal of Isfahan Medical School*. 4th Week, Dec 2012; 30(209).1650-1661.
31. Reza Khadivi, Parastoo Golshiri, Elham Farasat, Golnar Khaledi. Caregiver Satisfaction in Rural Areas in Isfahan District, Iran, after Implementation of the Family Physician Project. *Journal of Isfahan Medical School*. 2nd Week, September 2013. Vol. 31(244).1048-1058.
32. Reza Khadivi, Amin Yarahmadi, Rezvan Eslamieh, Mahbubeh Khosravi nejad. The Drug Prescription Patterns and Utilization after Family Physician Program Implementation in Rural Health Centers of Isfahan District, Iran. *Journal of Isfahan Medical School*. 4th Week, March 2014. Vol. 31, No. 271.1-9.
33. R. Khadivi. A. Kor, Elham Forouzandeh. Comparing the main health indices from rural areas of Isfahan province before and after implementation of the family physician program. *Journal of Isfahan Medical School*. *Journal of Isfahan Medical School*. 2nd Week, July 2014. Vol. 32, No. 286.712-725.
34. The utilization rate of antenatal care in rural areas after Health Sector Reform in Islamic Republic of Iran. N. Alikhasi, M. Kheyri, Reza Khadivi. *Iranian Journal of Nursery and Midwifery Research*. 2014.19(6). 136- 142.
35. Reza Khadivi, Maryam Kheyri, Majid Davari, Seyyed Mohammad Kazem Nourbakhsh. Does family physician program in Iran improve financial contribution of patients. *International Journal of Current Life Sciences*. August, 2014;4(8).4383-4387.
36. Majid Davari, Maryam Kheyri, Seyyed Mohammad Kazem Nourbakhsh, Reza Khadivi. Socioeconomic status and catastrophic health expenditure evaluation in Iran in 2004 and 2011. *International Journal of Current Life Sciences* - June, 2015;5(6).662-667.
37. Khadivi R, Saebian A, Khosravi M, Nasehi R. The Pattern of Costs by the Health Insurance Organization for the People in Urban Areas with Population under Twenty Thousands and Nomads in Isfahan Province, Iran, 2009-2013. *J Isfahan Med Sch* 2016; 33(366): 2341-50.
38. Ahmadreza Zamani, Reza Khadivi, Ziba Farajzadegan, Mohammad Moafi, Nasrin Jiryaei, Roya Taleban. Effectiveness of therapeutic approach implemented through bibliotherapy and text messages in depressed patients: A study design. *International Journal of Current Life Sciences*. October, 2014;4(10). 8504-8507.
39. Taleban R, Zamani A, Moafi M, Jiryaei N, Khadivi R. Applications of text messaging, and bibliotherapy for treatment of patients affected by depressive symptoms; *Int J Prev Med* 2016;7:46.
40. Reza Khadivi. Soheil Vafapour. Mahsa Melali. Determination of Health Services Utilization Rate among Construction Workers and Their Families in Isfahan, Iran, in 2013. *Journal of Health System Research*. Summer 2016;12(2).233-240.

41. Reza Khadivi, Shahaboddin Milani, Maryam Karimi-Khuzani, Narges Motamedi, Tahereh Moghadas. The Effect of Distance Education on Knowledge and Attitude of General Practitioners Who Applied to Participate in Family Physician Program in Urban Areas of Isfahan Province, Iran. *Journal of Isfahan Medical School*. 3rd Week, February 2017:34(411).1496-1506.
42. Reza Khadivi. Parastoo Golshiri. Zeynab Mohammadiani. Nahid Geramian. The Rate of Mental Disorders Case Finding after Implementing the Family Physician Program in Rural Areas of Isfahan Province, Iran. *Journal of Isfahan Medical School*. 2nd Week, May 2017:35(422). 263-269.
43. Reza Khadivi. Zahra Dana Siadat. Nourallah Ranjbar-Gharache. The Relationship between Social Factors and Blood Glucose Control in Patients with Type II Diabetes in Isfahan Township, Iran. *Journal of Isfahan Medical School*. July 2017. 2nd Week. 35(430).536-544.
44. Marjan Movahedi. Reza Rouzbahani. Reza Khadivi. Fatemeh Chajaei. Evaluating the Effect of Training through Short Message Service (SMS) on Compliance and the Mean Blood Pressure of Patients with Hypertension:A Study Design. *Journal of Isfahan Medical School*. 3rd Week, October 2017:35(443).1068-1073.
45. Reza Khadivi¹, Reza Fadaei, Mohammad Kanani, Fazlollah Fatehi. Microbiological and Serological Evaluation of the Meningitis Outbreak in a Community Center in Isfahan Province, Iran, during the Years 2016-2017. *Journal of Isfahan Medical School*. April 2018. 1st Week.36(465). 28-34.